

SCRIPT

SECTOR: ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING IN GERMANY

TOPIC: GET TO KNOW THE GENERAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT
IN ELECTRONICS AND THE NECESSARY VOCABULARY
IN GERMAN



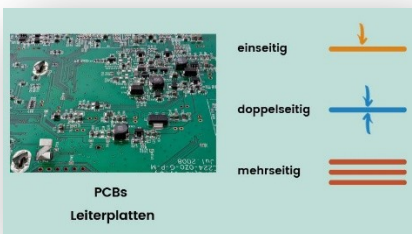
In an electronic lab or as an electronic technician you will have to work with electronics and their applications in appliances maintenance **Anlagenwartung**, industrial applications **Industrieanwendungen** and networks' installation **Netzwerkinstallation**, installation of radio transmitting and receiving systems **Funkübertragungs- und Empfangssysteme** and the installation of security systems **Sicherheitssysteme**.



When you enter an electronics lab you must be sure that you have taken the appropriate safety measures. You must wear antistatic gloves **antistatische Handschuhe** or antistatic wristbands **antistatische Armbänder** and check that the room is properly aerated, lightened and climatized.



Then you can start working on your project. The appropriate equipment and the tools **Werkzeuge** should be easily accessible on, below, or over the laboratory bench **Werkbank**. The bench should be clean, keeping everything on it in proper and functional condition and the most important, off current if they are not in use.



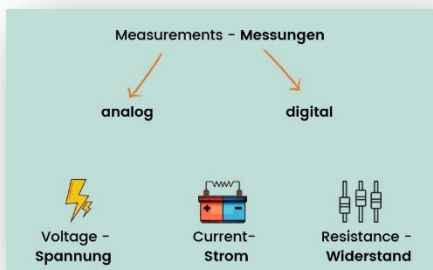
The most common electronic component you have to work with as an electronic technician is the PCBs, **Leiterplatten**. They support and connect electronic components using conductive tracks. PCBs could be single-sided **einseitig**, double-sided **doppelseitig** or multi-layer **mehrseitig**.



The most common tools for an electronics technician are the hand tools **Handwerkzeuge**. These tools are wire cutters **Kabelmesser**, wire strippers **Abisolierer**, normal pliers **Zange** and long nose pliers **Spitzzange**, plug crimping pliers **Krimpzange**, tweezers **Pinzetten**, and screwdrivers for electronics **Schraubendreher**.



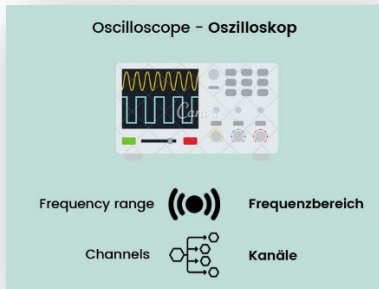
As the duties you have to carry out will become more advanced you will have to use power tools **elektrische Werkzeuge** such as drills, electric screwdrivers **Akkuschauber**, glue guns **Klebepistolen**, electric trimmers **elektrische Trimmer** etc.



As an electronic technician, you will have to take measurements **Messungen**. Either analog **analog** or digital **digital**. Multimeters will be used for measurements of voltage **Spannung**, resistance **Widerstand** and current **Strom**. The multimeter can be either portable or benchtop. Other common measuring devices are clamp-on meters, battery analysers, voltage testers and insulation testers.



Other instruments you will use are Function Generators **Funktionsgeneratoren** and soldering and desoldering stations **Löt- und Entlötstationen**.



The oscilloscope **Oszilloskop** is a state of the art instrument for an electronics laboratory. You will either use an analogue or a digital one. It is important to know which frequency range **Frequenzbereich** you want to work with. How many channels **Kanäle** you need for measuring and the accessories that will be useful to carry out the tasks.



There are many electronics components and consumables and it is worth keeping them stored properly in the lab to be easily searchable and accessible. The most common are:

solder wire **Lötdraht**

fuse **Sicherung**

cable **Kabel**

fan **Ventilator**

speaker **Lautsprecher**

microphone **Mikrofon**

camera **Kamera**

batteries **Batterien**

resistor **Widerstand**

capacitor **Kondensator**

led display **LED Anzeig**

led lamp **LED Lampe**

switch **Schalter**

socket **Steckdose**

relay **Relais**

Integrated Circuit (IC) **Integrierter Schaltkreis**



LIST OF VOCABULARY

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GERMAN	YOUR LANGUAGE
<i>Anlagenwartung</i>	
<i>Industrieanwendungen</i>	
<i>Netzwerkinstallation</i>	
<i>Funkübertragungs- und Empfangssysteme</i>	
<i>Sicherheitssysteme</i>	
<i>antistatische Handschuhe</i>	
<i>antistatische Armbänder</i>	
<i>Werkzeuge</i>	
<i>Werkbank</i>	
<i>Leiterplatten</i>	
<i>einseitig</i>	
<i>doppelseitig</i>	
<i>mehrseitig</i>	
<i>Handwerkzeuge</i>	
<i>Kabelmesser</i>	
<i>Abisolierer</i>	
<i>Zange</i>	
<i>Krimpzange</i>	
<i>Pinzetten</i>	
<i>Schraubendreher</i>	
<i>elektrische Werkzeuge</i>	
<i>Akkuschrauber</i>	
<i>Klebepistolen</i>	
<i>elektrische Trimmer</i>	
<i>Messungen</i>	
<i>analog</i>	
<i>digital</i>	
<i>Spannung</i>	
<i>Widerstand</i>	
<i>Strom</i>	

<i>Funktionsgeneratoren</i>	
<i>Löt- und Entlötstationen</i>	
<i>Oszilloskop</i>	
<i>Frequenzbereich</i>	
<i>Kanäle</i>	
<i>Lötdraht</i>	
<i>Sicherung</i>	
<i>Kabel</i>	
<i>Ventilator</i>	
<i>Lautsprecher</i>	
<i>Mikrofon</i>	
<i>Kamera</i>	
<i>Batterien</i>	
<i>Widerstand</i>	
<i>Kondensator</i>	
<i>LED Anzeige</i>	
<i>LED Lampe</i>	
<i>Schalter</i>	
<i>Steckdose</i>	
<i>Relais</i>	
<i>Integrierter Schaltkreis</i>	